

Timeline of world events from 4000 BC to 2012 AD. Includes major historical events, dynasties, and scientific milestones.

- 4000 BC:** First written records in Mesopotamia.
- 3500 BC:** Construction of the Great Pyramids of Giza.
- 2700 BC:** The Code of Hammurabi is established.
- 1513 BC:** The Israelites enter the Promised Land.
- 1000 BC:** The Persian Empire is founded.
- 500 BC:** The Peloponnesian War begins.
- 350 BC:** The Hellenistic Age begins.
- 100 BC:** The Roman Republic is transformed into an Empire.
- 500 AD:** The fall of the Western Roman Empire.
- 1000 AD:** The Crusades begin.
- 1492 AD:** Christopher Columbus discovers the Americas.
- 1776 AD:** The United States is declared independent.
- 1914-1918 AD:** World War I.
- 1929 AD:** The Great Depression begins.
- 1945 AD:** The end of World War II.
- 1953 AD:** The first nuclear power plant is built.
- 1969 AD:** The first moon landing.
- 1989 AD:** The fall of the Berlin Wall.
- 2001 AD:** The September 11 attacks.
- 2008 AD:** The global financial crisis.
- 2012 AD:** The discovery of the Higgs boson particle.

Genealogical chart of the House of David and the lineage of Jesus Christ. Includes a portrait of King David and a QR code for more information.

- King David:** 1000 BC - 970 BC. He is the ancestor of the House of David.
- House of David:** A royal dynasty that ruled the Kingdom of Judah.
- Jesus Christ:** Born around 4 BC and died around 30-33 AD. He is the central figure of Christianity.
- Lineage:** The chart shows the direct descent from King David through several generations to Jesus Christ.

Statistical data and charts related to the world population and the global economy. Includes a bar chart showing population growth and a line graph showing economic indicators.

- World Population:** A bar chart showing the population of the world from 2000 to 2020. The population has grown from approximately 6 billion in 2000 to over 8 billion in 2020.
- Economic Indicators:** A line graph showing various economic indicators such as GDP, inflation, and unemployment rates over time.